AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Caribbean Corporate Governance Institute

December 31, 2014



Audited Financial Statements

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

December 31, 2014

Audited Financial Statements

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The Members Caribbean Corporate Governance Institute #14 Alcazar Street PORT-OF-SPAIN

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Caribbean Corporate Governance Institute, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2014 and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in fund balances, statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes as set out on pages 3 to 16.

Management responsibility for the financial statements

The Management is responsible for the preparation and the fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Entities. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.





The Members Caribbean Corporate Governance Institute #14 Alcazar Street PORT-OF-SPAIN

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT – (Continued)

Baker Tilly Montono Ramchil

Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects the financial position of Caribbean Corporate Governance Institute as at December 31, 2014 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Entities.

March 29, 2015 PORT-OF-SPAIN



CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

			As	mber 31	
ASSETS	Notes		2014		2013
CURRENT ASSETS Cash in hand and at bank Accounts receivable Other receivables and prepayments TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	С	\$	147,788 34,265 12,722	\$	92,791 45,660 12,379 ————————————————————————————————————
NON-CURRENT ASSET Plant and equipment	D		4,882		-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS			4,882		-
		-	-		-

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on March 29, 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

199,657

150,830

TOTAL ASSETS

Director	Axd	reurof.	Axel Kravatzk	7
Director		V	Leslie Clarke	_

		A	As at December 31			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes	2014		2013		
EMBERITES AND EQUIT I	Notes					
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		\$ 16,659	\$	10,350		
Accruals and other payables Deferred income	_	59,025		25,000		
Due to Directors	E	25,724		42,568		
Due to related party	F F	12,600 10,383		25,040		
Taxation payable	1	15,325		9,181		
2 2		15,525		1,306		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		139,716		113,445		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITITES						
Due to directors	F	24,000		40,000		
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		24,000		40,000		
FUND BALANCE						
Accumulated surplus/(deficit)		35,941		(2,615)		
		35,941		(2,615)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		\$ 199,657	\$	150,830		

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

		ear ending cember 31, 2014	18 month riod ending cember 31, 2013
INCOME Sponsorship grants Membership fees Publications Seminars and other income	Notes G	\$ 233,109 177,000 - 663,780 1,073,889	\$ 440,165 104,900 5,200 - 550,265
Events costs	Н	(238,079)	(145,374)
GROSS SURPLUS		835,810	404,891
LESS: EXPENSES Administrative and general expenses Bank charges Depreciation		760,955 21,557 723	401,271 4,929
		783,235	406,200
OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	I	52,575	(1,309)
Taxation	J	(14,019)	(1,306)
NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)		\$ 38,556	\$ (2,615)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

Year ended December 31, 2014	Surplus/ ccumulated Deficit)	Total
Balance at beginning of year	\$ (2,615)	\$ (2,615)
Net surplus	38,556	38,556
Balance at end of year	\$ 35,941	\$ 35,941
Eighteen (18) month period ended December 31, 2013		
The state of the s		
Net deficit	\$ (2,615)	\$ (2,615)
Balance at end of period	\$ (2,615)	\$ (2,615)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

		rear ending cember 31, 2014	1000	18 month priod ending ecember 31, 2013
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net surplus/(deficit) Adjustment of reconcile net surplus to net cash provided	\$	52,575	\$	(1,309)
depreciation		723		-
Changes to operating assets and liabilities: (Increase)/decrease in accounts receivables Increase in other receivables and prepayments		11,395 (343)		(45,660) (12,379)
Increase in accruals		34,024		25,000
Increase/(decrease) in due to Directors		(28,440)		25,040
Increase in trade payables Increase/(decrease) in deferred income		6,309		10,350
Increase in due to related party		(16,844) 1,203		42,568 9,181
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	0	60,602		52,791
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of plant and equipment		(5,605)		-
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(5,605)		-
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Advance from Directors		-		40,000
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		_		40,000
	•			
INCREASE IN CASH		54,997		92,791
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		92,791		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$	147,788	\$	92,791
Represented by:	1			
Cash in hand and at bank		147,788		92,791
	\$	147,788	\$	92,791
The economics and a discount of the control of the	;			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

December 31, 2014

NOTE A - INCORPORATION AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

Caribbean Corporate Governance Institute is a limited liability company incorporated as a non-profit organization on July 26, 2012 and domiciled in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago. The address of its registered office is #14 Alcazar Street, Port-of-Spain. The principal activity of the company is advancing corporate governance practice across the Caribbean.

NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- (i) Basis of Preparation These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Entities issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. They are prepared on the historical cost basis and presented in Trinidad and Tobago dollars.
 - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Entities requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the company's accounting polices.
- (ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.
- (iii) Accounts Receivable Accounts receivable include membership fees and amounts due from sponsors. At the end of each reporting period the carrying amounts of accounts and other receivables are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence that the amounts are not recoverable. If so, an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

December 31, 2014

NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- (iv) Accounts payable Accounts payable are obligations on the basis of normal credit terms and do not bear interest. Accounts payable denominated in a foreign currency are translated into Trinidad and Tobago dollars using the exchange rate at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains or losses are included in other income or other expenses.
- (v) Revenue Recognition Membership fees recognised when the application for Membership has been approved by the CCGI Membership Committee. All other revenue is recognised when delivery is made or service is provided. Sponsorship and event income is recognised on a receipt basis.
- (vi) Foreign Currency Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions: gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement. Such balances are translated at year-end exchange rates.
- (vii) Taxation Taxation is provided for using the liability approach for corporation taxes. Under this method, deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their corresponding tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences that are expected to increase taxable profit in the future. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all temporary differences that are expected to reduce taxable profit in the future and any unused tax losses or unused tax credits. Deferred tax assets are measured at the highest amount that, on the basis of current or estimated future taxable profit, is more likely than not to be recovered. There were no material temporary differences requiring a deferred tax adjustment. The net carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and is adjusted to reflect the current assessment of future taxable profits. Any adjustments are recognised in statement of comprehensive income.

NOTE C - CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH

As at December 31, 2014, the Caribbean Corporate Governance Institute held restricted funds of \$44,864 (2013 - \$14,080) designated for use against expenses related to the Trinidad and Tobago Corporate Governance Code. The source of these restricted funds came from Code sponsorship or bulk sales of the Code booklets.

Use of these restricted funds is guided by Memorandum of Understanding, being developed between the three partners of the Code: the Trinidad & Tobago Chamber of Industry & Commerce, the Trinidad & Tobago Stock Exchange and the Caribbean Corporate Governance Institute.

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

December 31, 2014

NOTE C - CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH - (Continued)

					<u>2014</u>	2013
Restricted funds Unrestricted funds					\$ 44,864 102,924	\$ 14,080 78,711
					\$ 147,788	\$ 92,791
NOTE D – PLANT AND EQU	IPMEN	NT				
Cost	_	Computer Equipment	F -	urniture & Fixtures	Total 2014	Total 2013
At beginning of year Additions	\$	4,000	\$	1,605	\$ 5,605	\$ -
At end of year	\$	4,000	\$	1,605	\$ 5,605	\$ _
Accumulated Depreciation						
At beginning of year Current year charge	\$	556	\$	- 167	\$ 723	\$ -
At end of year	\$	556	\$	167	\$ 723	\$ -
Net book value	\$	3,444	\$	1,438	\$ 4,882	\$ -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

December 31, 2014

NOTE E – DEFERRED INCOME

		r ending nber 31, 2014	18 month peri December 3 20		
Publications	\$	-	\$	5,200	
Restricted grants/sponsorship – Note G		-		164,964	
	_	-		170,164	
Balance at beginning of year Less: Cost incurred		42,568		-	
Event costs – Trinidad and Tobago Code		(16,844)		(86,148)	
Other general expenses		-		(41,448)	
DEFERRED INCOME	\$	25,724	\$	42,568	

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

December 31, 2014

NOTE F - DUE TO DIRECTORS AND RELATED PARTY

	<u>S</u>	hort-term	Ī	Long-term	<u>To</u>	otal 2014	T	otal 2013
Due to directors Ronnie Bissessar Leslie Clarke Axel Kravatzky Annette Rahael Nigel Romano Reshma Bissessar	\$	5,000 3,800 3,800	\$	8,000 8,000 8,000	\$	13,000 11,800 11,800	\$	13,000 13,000 13,000 13,000 13,000 40
	\$	12,600	\$	24,000	\$	36,600	\$	65,040

At the Board of Directors' meeting held on October 3, 2012 it was resolved that each Director would contribute \$8,000 towards the start-up expenses of the Caribbean Corporate Governance Institute.

At a Board meeting held in January 2014, Ronnie Bissessar and Nigel Romano resign as Directors.

As of December 31, 2014, total amount owing to Directors is \$36,600.

Due to related party

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decision. Related party balances and transactions that arose in the ordinary course of business and from short-term cash advances are accordingly recognised.

These balances are unsecured and bear no fixed terms of repayment. The amount carried in these financial statements as due to related party relates to start up costs provided by Syntegra Change Architects Limited.

	<u>2014</u>	2013
Syntegra Change Architects Limited	\$ 10,383	\$ 9,181

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

December 31, 2014

NOTE G - GRANTS AND SPONSORSHIP

Sponsorship grants were received as follows:	nth period cember 31, 2014	December 31,		
PricewaterhouseCoopers The Trinidad Chamber of Industry & Commerce The Trinidad and Tobago Stock Exchange First Citizens Bank Limited Trinidad Cement Limited KPMG Reinsurance Company T&T Limited IBL Bank Limited	\$ 185,625 10,000 10,000 10,000 640	\$	60,000 35,035 35,000 187,734	
Restricted Grants were as follows: Neal & Massy Holdings Limited	\$ 216,265		317,769	
Ernst & Young West Indian Tobacco Company Limited	-		62,405 38,460 ————————————————————————————————————	
Total grants received Add: Opening unused restricted grants Less: Unused restricted grants (deferred)	216,265 42,568 (25,724)		482,733	
, and the general (detailed)	\$ 233,109	\$	440,165	
Seminars and other income were as follows: Consultancy TTCODE Certificate Programme CCGI Host Training Sale of books Other Seminars	\$ 17,000 30,080 380,825 222,975 3,900 9,000	\$	- - - -	
	\$ 663,780	\$	-	

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

December 31, 2014

NOTE H - EVENT COSTS

	D	Year ending eccember 31, 2014	18 month period December 31, 2013		
Online Registration Food Materials Venue cost Speaker cost Equipment cost	\$	79,548 30,108 29,735 93,840 4,848	\$ 9,675 3,744 19,776 105,296 6,883		
	\$	238,079	\$ 145,374		

NOTE I - STAFF COSTS

The follow expenses have been included in administrative and general expenses in determining net surplus before taxation.

	Year ending ecember 31, 2014	18 month period December 31, 2013	
Salaries National insurance	\$ 288,600 13,438	\$ 126,100 6,149	
	\$ 302,038	\$ 132,249	
Number of persons employed	2	2	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

December 31, 2014

NOTE J - TAXATION

		ear ending ember 31, 2014		onth period cember 31, 2013
Corporation tax expense	\$	12,945	\$	756
Green fund levy expense		1,074		550
Taxation expense	\$	14,019	\$	1,306
Reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit multiplied by the applicable tax rate:	-		:	
Net surplus/(deficit) before taxation	\$	52,575	\$	(1,309)
Tax at the rate of 25%		13,144	\$	(327)
Tax effect of income not chargeable and expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profits		(199)		1,083
Green fund levy		1,074		550
Current year taxation expense	\$ =	14,019	\$	1,306
No provision was made for deferred taxation.				

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

December 31, 2014

NOTE K - REVENUES AND MEMBERSHIP

The Caribbean Corporate Governance Institute began accepting members starting January 2013. As of December 31, 2014 the Institute had a total of (2013 - 93) approved members from five different Caribbean states. Gross revenue related to Membership fees in 2014 was \$177,000 (2013 - \$104,900).

In October 2013, the Caribbean Corporate Governance Institute entered into a two-year sponsorship agreement with First Citizens Bank Limited, whereby the bank became the Institute's first Founding Sponsor, with a commitment to contribute US\$30,000 per year for two years. The first installment received in October 2013 translated to TT\$187,734. The second installment was received in 2014 and translated to TT\$185,625.

Sponsorship and event income is recognised on a receipt basis.

NOTE L - COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

The Institute occupies office space and parking under an operating lease. The lease is for part of a building located at #14 Alcazar Street, Port-of-Spain. This agreement was made with Murphy Clarke Financial Limited for twenty-four months and the monthly rent is \$4,200. This agreement was effective from November, 2014.

Minimum lease payments under operating leases recognised as an expense		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
during the period		46,400	\$	7,600
		2014		2012
At the end of the period, the company has outstanding commitments under non-cancellable operating leases that fall due as follows:		2014		2013
Within one year	\$	50,400	\$	38,000
Later than one year but within five years		42,000		=
	\$	92,400	\$_	38,000

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

CARIBBEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INSTITUTE

December 31, 2014

NOTE M - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(i) Credit risk

The company has no significant concentration of credit risk.

(ii) Fair values

The carrying amounts of short-term financial assets and liabilities comprising cash in hand and at bank, accounts receivable, other receivables and prepayments, accounts payable, accruals and other payables are a reasonable estimate of their par values because of the short maturity of these instruments.